

Amendments to the claims

The following listing of claims replaces all previous listings of claims.

1. (Previously presented) A device for duplicating and characterizing nucleic acids in a reaction chamber, comprising:
 - a chamber body containing an optically permeable chip having a detection area with an optically permeable zone of detection, the detection area including an array of multiple different polynucleotide probes immobilized on the optically permeable chip; and
 - an optically permeable chamber support on which the chamber body is sealingly placed to form a continuous cavity enclosing the array including
 - an inlet by which liquid sample can be introduced to the cavity;
 - wherein the continuous cavity forms a single reaction chamber that is adapted to amplify and characterize nucleic acids therein.
2. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1, further comprising a temperature adjustment means connected with the chamber support and adapted to permit a rapid temperature control of the continuous cavity ~~the capillary gap~~.
3. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 2, wherein the temperature adjustment means are situated on a side of the chamber support facing towards the chamber body.
4. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 2, wherein the optically permeable zone of detection includes detection spots; and
 - wherein the temperature adjustment means are configured such that the optical transparency of the chip remains unaffected at least at the detection spots.
5. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 4, wherein the temperature adjustment means comprise micro-structured heating elements.

6. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the optically permeable zone of detection includes detection spots;

wherein the chamber support comprises systems for thoroughly mixing a liquid sample, the systems being configured such that the chip remains optically transparent at least at the detection spots; and

a quadrupole system, adapted to induce an electro-osmotic flow, is associated with the chamber support.

7. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 6, wherein the quadrupole system includes gold-titanium electrodes.

8. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the chamber support and the chamber body consist of at least one of glass, synthetic material, and optically permeable synthetic materials.

9. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the chamber support consists of a thermally conducting material.

10. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the chip consists of optically permeable materials including at least one of glass, borofloat glass, quartz glass, monocrystalline CaF_2 , sapphire, PMMA and silicon.

11. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the chamber body comprises an optically permeably conical recess in the detection area of the chip.

12. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the chamber body includes an inlet and an outlet spatially separate from each other, for charging the capillary gap.

13. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 12,
wherein the inlet and the outlet are arranged unilaterally to the chip and are separated by
a gas reservoir nose.

14. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1,
wherein the chamber body is sealingly and unreleasably connected with the chamber
support by at least one of an adhesive and weld connection.

15. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1,
wherein the detection area is configured in the form of spots, onto which probes in the
form of nucleic acid molecules are immobilized.

16. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 15,
wherein the probes are immobilized through spacers.

17. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1,
wherein the detection area is configured in the form of spots, onto which probes ~~in the~~
~~form of at least one of peptides and proteins~~ are immobilized.

18. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1,
wherein the capillary gap is adapted to allow characterization by at least one of optical
detection and spectroscopy.

19. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1,
wherein the chip is adapted to allow characterization by a silver precipitation reaction.

20-24. (Canceled)

25. (Previously presented) A device for duplicating and characterizing nucleic acids,
comprising:

a chamber support;

a chamber body including an optically permeable chip, the chamber body placed on the support to form a continuous cavity including an array of multiple different polynucleotide probes immobilized on the optically permeable chip; and

an inlet by which liquid sample can be introduced to the cavity;

wherein:

the continuous cavity is adapted to act as a single chamber for both reaction and characterization of nucleic acids.

26. (Canceled)

27. (Previously presented) The device of claim 26, wherein the optically permeable chip includes a detection area that includes immobilized probes within the capillary gap.

28. (Canceled)

29. (Previously presented) The device of claim 27, wherein the detection area is optically permeable.

30. (Previously presented) The device of claim 25, wherein the capillary gap is temperature-adjustable and flow-controllable within the capillary gap.

31. (Previously presented) The device according to claim 5, wherein the microstructured heating elements include nickel-chromium thick film resistance heaters.

32. (Previously presented) The device according to claim 4, wherein the temperature adjustment means include microstructured temperature sensors.

33. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 32, wherein the microstructured temperature sensors include nickel-chromium thick film resistance sensors.

34. (Previously presented) The device according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the chamber support and the chamber body include an optically permeable synthetic material selected from the group consisting of nylon, Teflon, topaz, polycarbonate, polystyrene, PMMA and polymethane ethyl acrylate.

35. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the chamber body further includes an additional sealing surface adapted to releasably connect to the chamber support.

36. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 15, wherein the nucleic acid molecules include at least one of DNA molecules and RNA molecules.

37. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 36, wherein the probes are immobilized through spacers.

38. (Canceled)

39. (Previously presented) A device according to claim 18, wherein the at least one of optical detection and spectroscopy includes at least one of transmitted-light fluorescence measurement, dark field fluorescence measurement, confocal fluorescent measurement, reflected-light fluorescence measurement, photometry and differential photometry.

40. (Currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the ~~capillary-gap~~ single reaction chamber is adapted to provide almost simultaneous performance of a chip-based characterization and at least one reprocessing reactions and conditioning reactions.

41. (Currently amended) The device of claim 40, wherein the ~~capillary-gap~~ single reaction chamber is adapted to amplify nucleic acids by PCR.

42. (Previously presented) The device of claim 40, wherein the capillary gap is adapted to perform a reverse transcription of RNA to DNA.

43. (Previously presented) The device of claim 40, wherein the capillary gap is adapted to perform a digestive process of nucleic acids by means of restriction enzymes.

44. (Previously presented) A device for duplicating and characterizing nucleic acids, comprising:

a chamber support;

a chamber body including an optically permeable chip, a sample inlet and a sample outlet, placed on the support to form a continuous cavity enclosing an array of multiple different polynucleotide probes immobilized on the optically permeable chip:

wherein

the continuous cavity consists of a single chamber for both reaction and characterization of nucleic acids such that only the single chamber holds the nucleic acids for both reaction and characterization, and

the sample inlet and sample outlet are connected only to the single chamber.

45. (Currently amended) The device of claim 44, wherein the ~~capillary gap~~ single chamber includes means for reacting a sample and means for characterizing the sample.

46. (Canceled)

47. (Previously presented) The device of claim 44, wherein the single chamber is free of fluid channels to move the nucleic acids to a subsequent reaction and characterization chamber.

48.-50. (Canceled)